

Modular Sim-to-Real Evaluation of Zero-Shot RL Policy Transfer: Toward Reproducible Field Testing of Perception and Control Integration

Luis F. W. Batista, Stéphanie Aravecchia, and Cédric Pradalier

Georgia Tech – CNRS IRL 2958

Summary

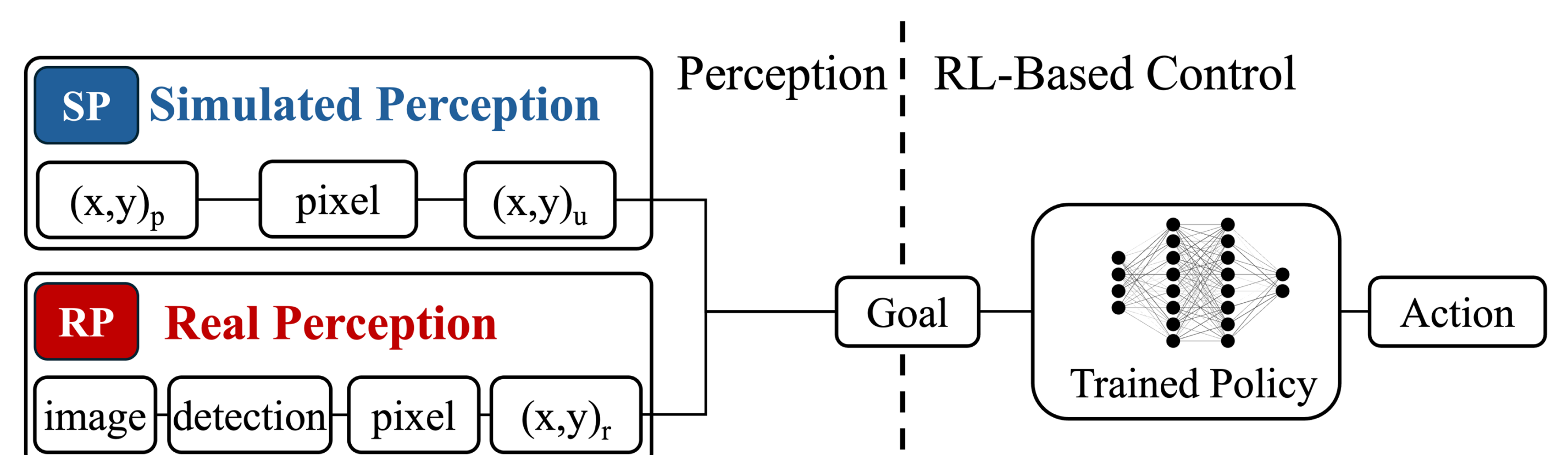
- **Task:** Perception-driven RL point-goal navigation for floating waste capture with an ASV



- **Problem:** Evaluating sim-to-real transfer of RL-based control policies with real perception in the loop lacks repeatability
- **Goal:** Enable modular, reproducible evaluation of zero-shot RL policy transfer by decoupling perception from dynamics evaluation.

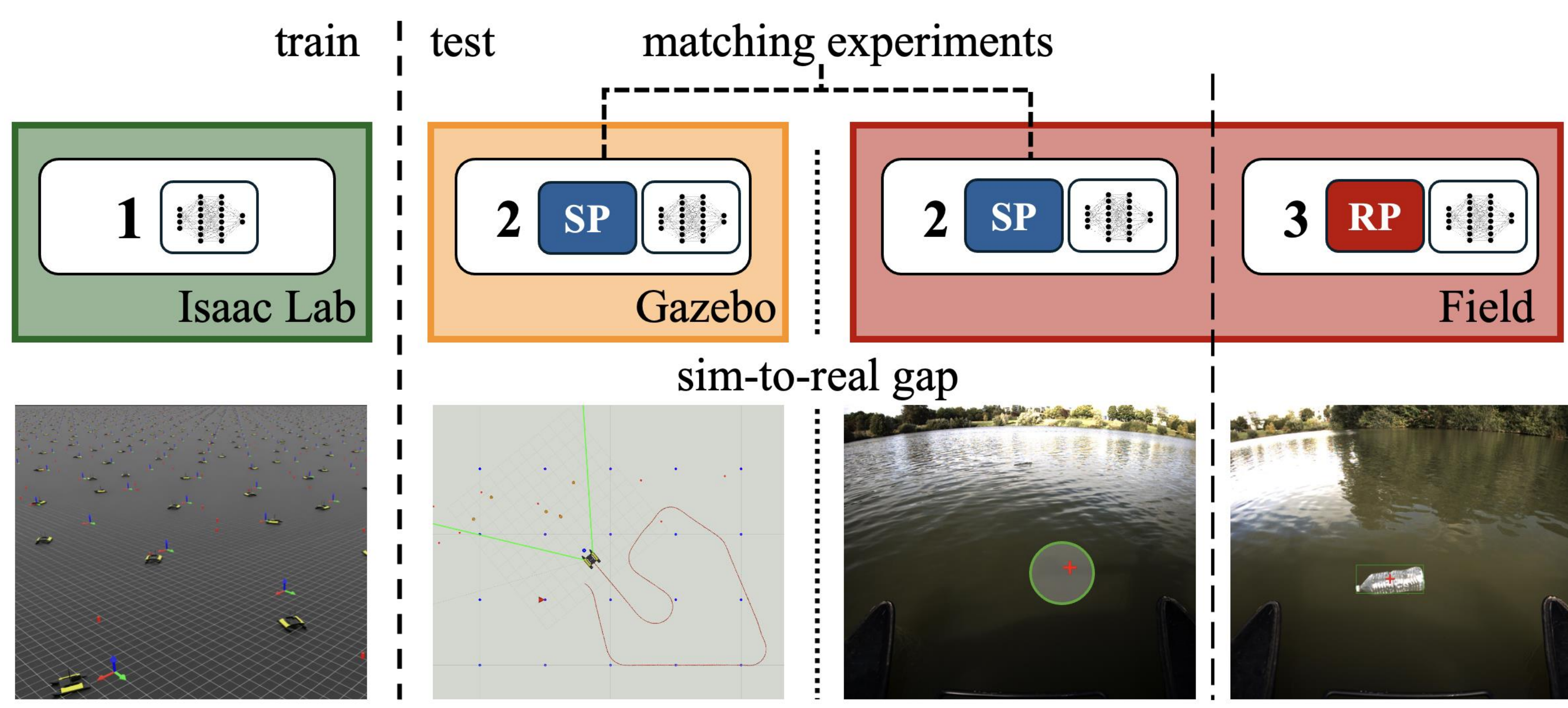
Simulated Perception Abstraction

A simulated perception module operates at the perception–control boundary, replacing camera-based detection with a calibrated projection model under controllable perturbations.



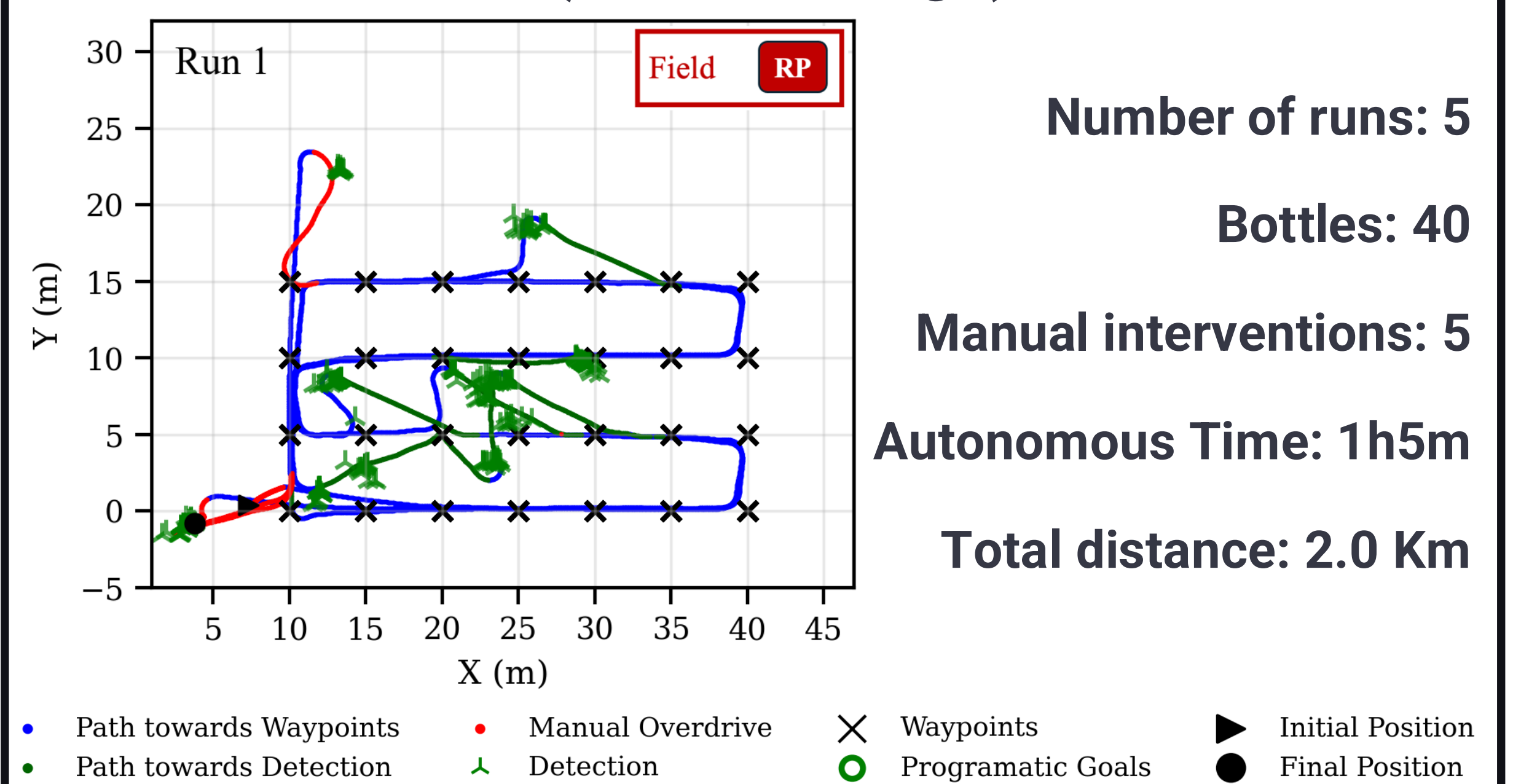
Methodology and Field Tests

Dual-sim methodology with perception abstraction capability



Field tests with perception in the loop

- **Smaller scale (area coverage)**

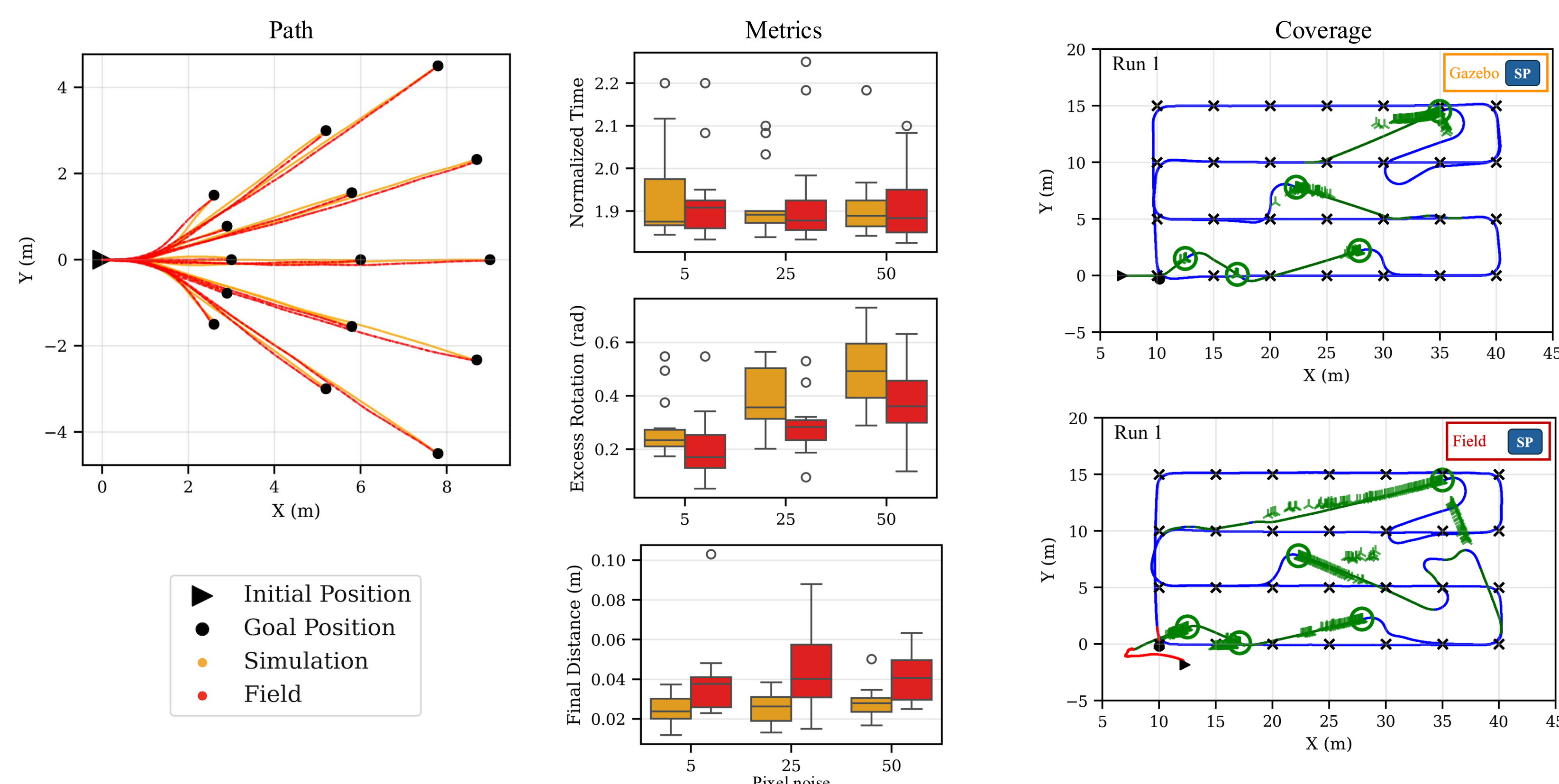


- **Larger scale (assisted operation)**

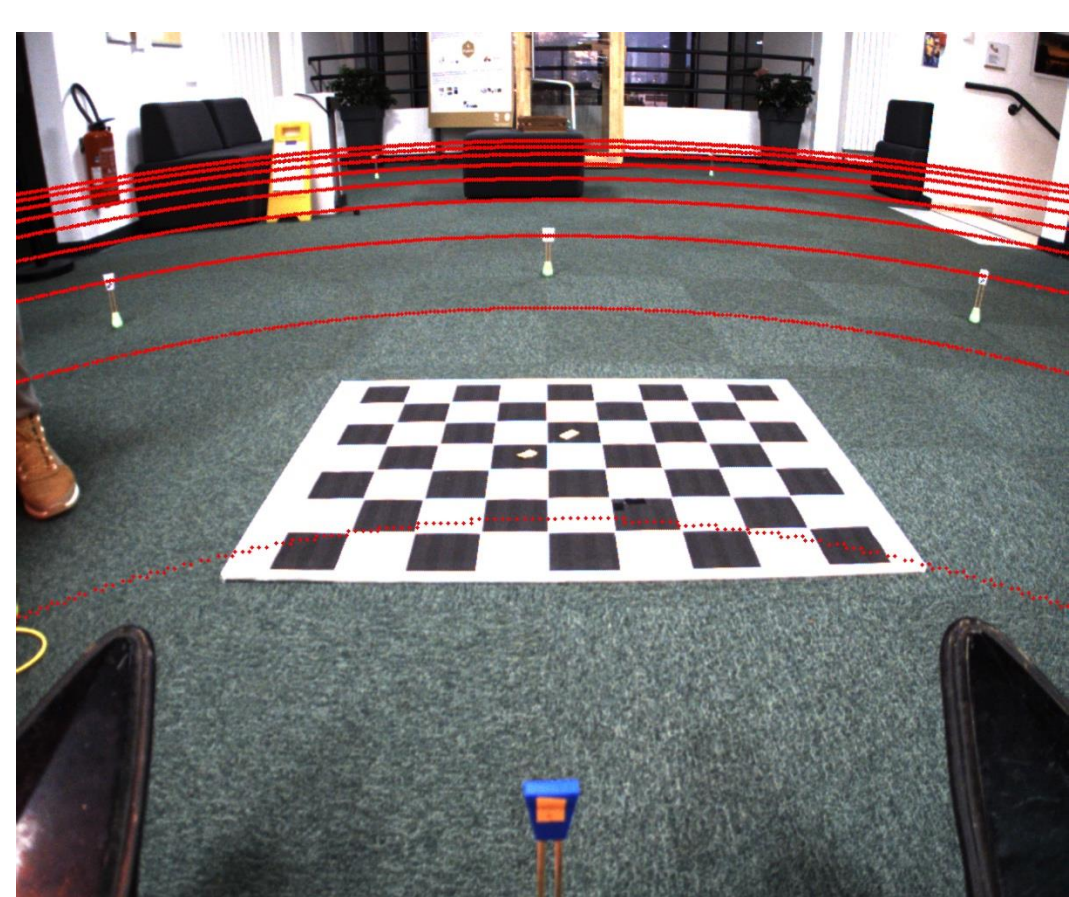
Total Distance: 2.5 Km Total Time: 1h22m



Systematic robustness evaluation and sim-to-real gap analysis



Simulated Perception Implementation



Plane induced homography $H = K [r_1 \ r_2 \ t_{cr}]$

Image plane (pixel) $\tilde{x}_u = [u \ v \ 1]^T$

Real world position (X, Y)

Transformations $\tilde{x}_u \sim H \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \sim H^{-1} \tilde{x}_u$

Controllable perception disturbances:
Pixel noise radius, tilt angle, false negatives

Conclusion

The simulated perception abstraction provides a practical, modular methodology to isolate and quantify the impact of perception on zero-shot RL policy transfer, enabling systematic exploration of perception disturbance limits, precise attribution of sim-to-real gap sources, and targeted improvements toward reliable field deployment.